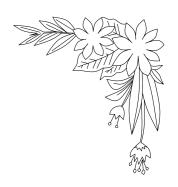


# Chanting Book

Gothamachethiya Theravada Buddhist Association, Inc.

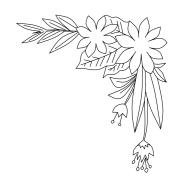
gothamachethiya.org





Namo Buddhāya!







## Introduction

Welcome to this sacred collection of Buddhist chants, filled with the timeless teachings of the Buddha. In these pages, you'll find important Suttas that act like guiding lights on the path to wisdom and peace. When you chant, do it with confidence and respect for the Dhamma, the Buddha's teachings. Let the words sink into your heart, and try to remember them. It's more than just saying words – it's like having a deep conversation with the wisdom of the Buddha.

As you chant, think about what the words mean, and let them shape how you live your life. This chanting book is here to help you, and may the words bring a sense of connection to the timeless wisdom of the Buddha.

Rev. Piliyandala Mahindavijaya Thero, Gothamachethiya Theravada Buddhist Association, Inc. gothamachethiya.org





Salutation to the Buddha	03
Going for Refuge	03
The Five Precepts	04
Venerating the Triple Gem	04
Venerating the Stupas	05
Buddha Pūja	06
Chattāmaṇavaka Verses	07
Invitation to the Deities	08
Mahā Maṅgala Sutta	08
Ratana Sutta	10
Karanīya Metta Sutta	15
Dhajagga Sutta	17
Ālavaka Sutta	22
Mora Paritta	26
Aṅgulimāla Paritta	27
Khandha Paritta	28
Loving-Kindness Meditation	29
Merit Sharing	30
Aspiration	30
Asking for Forgiveness	31
Venerating Bhantes	32
Pāli Alnhahet	33



## Salutation to the Buddha

Sādhu! Sādhu! Sādhu!

Namo tassa bhagavato arahato sammāsambuddhassa! Namo tassa bhagavato arahato sammāsambuddhassa! Namo tassa bhagavato arahato sammāsambuddhassa!

Homage to the Blessed One, the Worthy One, the Supremely Enlightened One! Homage to the Blessed One, the Worthy One, the Supremely Enlightened One! Homage to the Blessed One, the Worthy One, the Supremely Enlightened One!

## Going for Refuge

Buddham saraṇam gacchāmi Dhammam saraṇam gacchāmi Sangham saraṇam gacchāmi

I go for refuge to the Supreme Buddha. I go for refuge to the Supreme Dhamma. I go for refuge to the Supreme Saṅgha.

Dutiyampi buddham saraṇam gacchāmi Dutiyampi dhammam saraṇam gacchāmi Dutiyampi saṅgham saraṇam gacchāmi

For the second time, I go for refuge to the Supreme Buddha. For the second time, I go for refuge to the Supreme Dhamma. For the second time, I go for refuge to the Supreme Saṅgha.

Tatiyampi buddham saranam gacchāmi Tatiyampi dhammam saranam gacchāmi Tatiyampi sangham saranam gacchāmi

For the third time, I go for refuge to the Supreme Buddha. For the third time, I go for refuge to the Supreme Dhamma. For the third time, I go for refuge to the Supreme Sangha





Pāṇātipātā veramaṇī sikkhāpadaṃ samādiyāmi.

I observe the precept of abstaining from killing beings.

Adinnādānā veramaņī sikkhāpadam samādiyāmi.

I observe the precept of abstaining from stealing.

Kāmesu micchācāra veramaņī sikkhāpadam samādiyāmi.

I observe the precept of abstaining from sexual misconduct.

Musāvādā veramaņī sikkhāpadam samādiyāmi.

I observe the precept of abstaining from telling lies.

Surā-meraya-majja-pamādaţţhānā veramaņī sikkhāpadam samādiyāmi.

I observe the precept of abstaining from taking intoxicating drinks and drugs.

With the refuge of the noble triple gem, I observe these precepts for happiness in this life, for rebirth in heaven and to realize the four noble truths in this Gautama Buddha's dispensation.

Sādhu! Sādhu! Sādhu!

## Venerating the Triple Gem

Iti'pi so bhagavā araham sammā sambuddho vijjācaranasampanno sugatō lokavidū anuttaro purisadammasārathī satthā dēvamanussānam buddho bhagavā'ti.

Such indeed is the Blessed One, the Arahant, the Supremely Enlightened One, the One Accomplished in Knowledge and Conduct, the Well-Gone One, the Knower of the Worlds, the Supreme Tamer of Persons, the Teacher of Gods and Humans, the Enlightened One, the Blessed One.

Svākkhāto bhagavatā dhammo sandiṭṭhiko akāliko ehipassiko opanayiko paccattaṁ vēditabbo viññūhī'ti.

Well taught by the Blessed One is the Dhamma, visible here and now, timeless, inviting inspection, to be learned and applied to oneself, understood by the wise for themselves.

Supaţipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho. ujupaţipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho. ñāyapaţipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṇgho. sāmīcipaţipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho. yadidaṁ cattāri purisayugāni aṭṭhapurisapuggalā esa bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho. āhuneyyo pāhuneyyo dakkhiṇeyyo añjalikaraṇīyo anuttaraṁ puññakkhettaṁ lokassā'ti.

Of pure conduct is the Order of Disciples of the Blessed One, of upright conduct is the Order of Disciples of the Blessed One, of wise conduct is the Order of Disciples of the Blessed One, of proper conduct is the Order of Disciples of the Blessed One.

Those four pairs of persons, the eight kinds of individuals are the Order of Disciples of the Blessed One.

They are worthy of offerings, worthy of hospitality, worthy of gifts, worthy of reverential salutations. They are the unsurpassed field of merit for the world.

Sādhu! Sādhu! Sādhu!

## Venerating the Stupas

Vandāmi cetiyam sabbam - Sabbathānesupatithitam Sārīrika dhātu mahā bōdhim - Buddha rūpam sakalam sadā

I express my reverence forever to all the Stupas in all the places where they stand, the Buddha Relics, the great Bodhi Tree, and all the Buddha images.

Yassa mūle nisinno va - Sabbāri vijayam akā, Patto sabbaññutam Satthā - Vande tam bodhi pādapam.

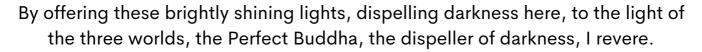
I express my reverence to the Bodhi tree seated under which the Teacher attained full Enlightenment by overcoming all defilements.

Ime ete mahā-bodhi - Loka-nāthena pūjitā, Aham-pi te namassāmi - Bodhi-rājā nam'atthu te!

This great Bodhi tree was revered by the Teacher himself. O great Bodhi tree, I too will revere you. May my reverence be unto you!



#### Saddhāya sampadittena – Dīpena tamadhamsinā Tiloka dīpam sambuddham – Pūjayāmi tamonudam



#### Sugandhikāya vadanam – Ananta guņa gandhinā Sugandhināham gandhena – Pujayāmi tathāgatam

By offering this fragrance to the Fragrant One, the Tathāgata with a fragrant body and words, possessing infinite fragrant virtues, I revere.

Vaṇṇa gandha guṇopetam – Etam kusuma santatim Pūjayāmi munindassa – Sirīpāda saroruhe

By offering these colorful, fragrant, and excellent flowers to the lotus-like sacred feet of the Lord of Sages, I revere.

Pūjemi Buddham kusumenanena – Puññena metena labhāmi mokkham Puppham milāyāti yathā idam me – Kāyo tathā yāti vināsabhāvam

I revere the Buddha with varied flowers; through this act of merit, may there be liberation. Even as this flowers fade away, so will my body be impermanent.

Sugandham sītalam kappam – Pasanna madhuram subham Panīyametam bhagavā – Patiganhātu muttamam

Please accept this fragrant, cool, clear, sweet, and pure water that has been prepared, O Blessed One!

Adivāse tu no bhante – gilānapaccayam imam anukampam upādāya – paṭigganhātu muttamam

Out of compassion for us, O Blessed One, please accept the beverages we offer to you!

Adivāse tu no bhante – sabbam saddāya pūjitam anukampam upādāya – paṭigganhātu muttamam

Please, out of compassion for us, accept all offerings made with faith,
O Blessed One!

Sādhu! Sādhu! Sādhu!

## Chattamāṇavaka verses

Yo vadatam pavaro manujesu, Sakyamunī bhagavā katakicco; Pāragato balaviriyasamaṅgī, Taṁ sugataṁ saraṇatthamupemi.

The Sage of the Sakyan clan, the Supreme Buddha, who completed the journey to Nibbana, is the best among humans who speak. The Blessed One crossed over Samsara with his excellent wisdom and effort. I go for refuge to the One who has well escaped Samsara, the Supreme Buddha.

Rāga-virāga-maneja-masokam, Dhamma-masankhata-mappaṭikūlam; Madhuramimam paguṇam suvibhattam, Dhammamimam saraṇatthamupemi.

The Dhamma, taught by the Supreme Buddha, helps beings remove desires, craving, and sorrows. This sweet, well explained, well analyzed Dhamma is never disagreeable. I go for refuge to this great teaching, the Supreme Dhamma.

Yattha ca dinna mahapphalamāhu, Catūsu sucīsu purisayugesu; Aṭṭha ca puggala-dhammadasā te, Saṅghamimaṁ saraṇatthamupemi

The Blessed One's noble disciples consist of the Four Pairs and the Eight Individuals. Those who offer gifts to these noble disciples gain immensely fruitful results. I go for refuge to these excellent disciples, the Supreme Sangha.

Sādhu! Sādhu! Sādhu!

## Invitation to the Deities

Samantā cakkavālesu - Atrāgacchantu devatā
Saddhammam munirājassa - Sunantu saggamokkhadam
Parittassavaņa kālo ayam bhadantā
Parittassavaņa kālo ayam bhadantā
Parittadhammassavaņa kālo ayam bhadantā

Throughout the entire universe, may the celestial beings gather here to listen to the noble teachings of the King of Sages, which bring both heavenly bliss and liberation. Now is the time to listen to the protective Dhamma discourses.

Sādhu! Sādhu! Sādhu!

## Mahā Maṅgala Sutta

Evam me sutam. Ekam samayam Bhagavā Sāvatthiyam viharati Jetavane Anāthapiņdikassa ārāme. Atha kho aññatarā devatā abhikkantāya rattiyā abhikkantavaņņā kevalakappam Jetavanam obhāsetvā yena Bhagavā tenupasankami. Upasankamitvā Bhagavantam abhivādetvā ekamantam atthāsi. Ekamantam thitā kho sā devatā Bhagavantam gāthāya ajjhabhāsi.

Thus have I heard. On one occasion, the Blessed One was living in Sāvatthi at Jetavana at Anāthapiṇḍika's monastery. Now when the night was far advanced, a certain deity, whose surpassing radiance illuminated the whole of Jetavana, approached the Blessed One, respectfully saluted Him and stood to one side. Standing thus, he addressed the Blessed One in verse:

## Bahū devā manussā ca – Maṅgalāni acintayuṁ Ākaṅkhamānā sotthānaṁ – Brūhi maṅgalamuttamaṁ

Many deities and humans, yearning for happiness, have pondered the questions about blessings. Kindly, tell me, what are the highest blessings?

2. Asevanā ca bālānam - Panditānan ca sevanā Pūjā ca pujanīyānam - Etam mangalamuttamam

Not to associate with the foolish but to associate with the wise and to honor those worthy of honor, these are the highest blessings.

# 3. Patirūpadesavāso ca – Pubbe ca katapuññatā Attasammāpaṇīdhi ca – Etaṁ maṅgalamuttamaṁ

Living in a fitting environment, having done meritorious deeds in the past, and aligning oneself in the right direction, these are the highest blessings.

# 4. Bāhusaccañca sippañca – Vinayo ca susikkhito Subhāsitā ca yā vācā – Etaṁ maṅgalamuttamaṁ

Vast learning, proficiency in various disciplines, firmly rooted in self-control, and possessing pleasant speech, these are the highest blessings.

# 5. Mātāpitū upaṭṭhānam – Puttadārassa sangaho Anākulā ca kammantā – Etam mangalamuttamam

To support one's father and mother, to cherish one's wife and children, and to work with meticulousness, these are the highest blessings.

# 6. Dānañca dhammacariyā ca – Ñātakānañ ca saṅgaho Anavajjāni kammāni – Etaṁ maṅgalamuttamaṁ

Generosity, righteous conduct, giving assistance to relatives, and doing blameless deeds, these are the highest blessings.

#### 7. Ārati virati pāpā – Majjapānā ca saññamo Appamādo ca dhammesu – Etaṁ maṅgalamuttamaṁ

To cease and abstain from evil, to abstain from intoxicating drinks, and to be diligent in practicing the Dhamma, these are the highest blessings.

#### 8. Gāravo ca nivāto ca – Santuṭṭhī ca kataññutā Kālena dhammasavanaṁ – Etaṁ maṅgalamuttamaṁ

Paying reverence to those who are worthy of reverence, humility, contentment, gratitude, and the timely hearing of the Dhamma, these are the highest blessings.

#### 9. Khantī ca sovacassatā – Samaṇānañca dassanam Kālena dhammasākacchā – Etam mangalamuttamam

Patience, obedience, meeting monks and engaging in timely Dhamma discussions, these are the highest blessings.

#### 10. Tapo ca brahmacariyañca – Ariyasaccānadassanam Nibbāṇasacchikiriyā ca – Etam mangalamuttamam

dispelling defilements, chastity, comprehending the Noble Truths, and achieving Nibbāna these are the highest blessings.

#### 11. Phuṭṭhassa lokadhammehi – Cittam yassa na kampati Asokam virajam khemam – Etam mangalamuttamam

The mind that is not affected by the ups and downs of life; the mind that is free from sorrow, stainless and secure, these are the highest blessings.

#### 12. Etādisāni katvāna – Sabbatthamaparājitā Sabbattha sotthim gacchanti tam – Tesam mangalamuttaman'ti.

Those who have achieved these blessings are victorious everywhere, and they succeed in all their goals. For them, these are the highest blessings.

#### Etena saccena suvatthi hotu!

By this truth, may there be well-being!

## Ratana Sutta

1. Yānīdha bhūtāni samāgatāni Bhummāni vā yā niva antaļikkhe Sabbeva bhūtā sumanā bhavantu Athopi sakkacca sunantu bhāsitam

Whatever beings are assembled here, whether on the earth or in the sky, may all these beings have happy minds. Listen closely to my words.

2. Tasmā hi bhūtā nisāmetha sabbe Mettaṁ karotha mānusiyā pajāya Divā ca ratto ca haranti ye baliṁ Tasmā hi ne rakkhatha appamattā

Pay attention all you beings. Show kindness to those humans who, by day and by night, offer much merit to you.

Therefore, guard them diligently.

3. Yam kiñci vittam idha vā huram vā Saggesu vā yam ratanam paṇītam Na no samam atthi Tathāgatena Idampi Buddhe ratanam paṇītam Etena saccena suvatthi hotu



Whatever treasure in this world or in other worlds; or whatever precious jewel is in the heavens, none is equal to the Buddha. In the Buddha is this precious jewel. By this truth may there be well-being!

4. Khayam virāgam amatam paṇītam Yadajjhagā Sakyamunī samāhito Na tena Dhammena samatthi kiñci Idampi Dhamme ratanam paṇītam Etena saccena suvatthi hotu

The calm Sakyan Sage found the undefiled, dispassionate, deathless, Nibbāna; there is nothing equal to that state. In the Dhamma is this precious jewel.

By this truth may there be well-being!

5. Yam Buddhaseṭṭho parivaṇṇayī sucim Samādi-mānantarik-añña-māhu Samādhinā tena samo na vijjati Idampi Dhamme ratanam paṇītam Etena saccena suvatthi hotu

That pure concentration praised by the Buddha is called the Samādhi, unattached anywhere; that has no equal. In the Dhamma is this precious jewel.

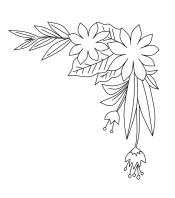
By this truth may there be well-being!

6. Ye puggalā aṭṭha sataṁ pasatthā
Cattāri etāni yugāni honti
Te dakkhiṇeyyā Sugatassa sāvakā
Etesu dinnāni mahapphalāni
Idampi Saṅghe ratanaṁ paṇītaṁ
Etena saccena suvatthi hotu

The Eight Persons praised by the wise, these Four Pairs are the giftworthy disciples of the Well-Gone One. Gifts given to them yield abundant fruit. In the Saṅgha is this precious jewel.

By this truth may there be well-being!

7. Ye suppayuttā manasā daļhena Nikkāmino Gotama sāsanamhi Te pattipattā amatam vigayha Laddhā mudhā nibbutim bhuñjamānā Idampi Sanghe ratanam panītam Etena saccena suvatthi hotu



Those who are well trained, freed from all defilements, and with minds firm in Gotama Buddha's training, upon attaining Nibbāna, they plunge into the Deathless, freely enjoying the liberation they have gained. In the Saṅgha is this precious jewel. By this truth may there be well-being!

8. Yathindakhīlo paṭhaviṁsito siyā Catubbhi vātebhi asampakampiyo Tathūpamaṁ sappurisaṁ vadāmi Yo ariyasaccāni avecca passati Idampi Saṅghe ratanaṁ paṇītaṁ Etena saccena suvatthi hotu

As a stone post firmly grounded in the earth, cannot be shaken by the four winds, so is the superior person, I say, who clearly sees the Noble Truths. In the Saṅgha is this precious jewel. By this truth may there be well-being!

9. Ye ariyasaccāni vibhāvayanti Gambhīrapaññena sudesitāni Kiñcāpi te honti bhusappamattā Na te bhavaṁ aṭṭhamaṁ ādiyanti Idam'pi Saṅghe ratanaṁ paṇītaṁ Etena saccena suvatthi hotu

Those who comprehend the Noble Truths, well taught by the Buddha of deep wisdom, no matter how negligent, would not take an eighth existence. In the Saṅgha is this precious jewel. By this truth may there be well-being!

10. Sahāva'ssa dassana sampadāya Tayassu dhammā jahitā bhavanti Sakkāyadiṭṭhi vicikicchitañ ca Sīlabbataṁvā'pi yadatthi kiñci Catūhapāyehi ca vippamutto, Cha cābhiṭhānāni abhabbo kātuṁ Idampi Saṅghe ratanaṁ paṇītaṁ Etena saccena suvatthi hotu



For one who has attained to right view, three fetters are at once abandoned: self-centred view, doubt and clinging to wrong practices.

Freed from the four planes of misery, he is incapable of committing the six major wrong-doings that lead to hell. In the Sangha is this precious jewel.

By this truth may there be well-being!

11. Kiñcā'pi so kammaṁ karoti pāpakaṁ Kāyena vācā uda cetasā vā Abhabbo so tassa paṭicchādāya Abhabbatā diṭṭha padassa vuttā Idampi Saṅghe ratanaṁ paṇītaṁ Etena saccena suvatthi hotu

Though he might do some evil deed by body, speech or mind, he cannot hide it; such is impossible for one who has seen the Dhamma. In the Saṅgha is this precious jewel. By this truth may there be well-being!

12. Vanappagumbe yathā phussitagge Gimhānamāse paṭhamasmiṁ gimhe Tathūpamaṁ Dhamma varaṁ adesayi Nibbāṇagāmiṁ paramaṁ hitāya Idampi Buddhe ratanaṁ paṇītaṁ Etena saccena suvatthi hotu

Like woodland groves in blossom in the first heat of summer, the sublime Dhamma taught by the Buddha leads to Nibbāna, offering the highest happiness. In the Buddha is this precious jewel. By this truth may there be well-being!

13. Varo varaññū varado varāharo Anuttaro Dhamma varaṁ adesayi Idampi Buddhe ratanaṁ paṇītaṁ Etena saccena suvatthi hotu

The excellent Supreme Buddha, the knower of Supreme Nibbāna, the giver of Supreme Nibbāna, the bringer of Supreme Nibbāna, taught the excellent Dhamma. In the Buddha is this precious jewel.

By this truth may there be well-being!

14. Khīṇaṁ purāṇaṁ navaṁ natthi sambhavaṁ virattacittā āyatike bhavasmiṁ Te khīṇabījā avirūļhicchandā Nibbanti dhīrā yathāyaṁ padīpo Idampi Saṅghe ratanaṁ paṇītaṁ, Etena saccena suvatthi hotu



The Liberated Ones' old kamma is destroyed with no new arising, their minds not drawn to future birth. Their old seeds destroyed with no more growing. The Arahants fade away, much like the flame of this lamp. In the Sangha is this precious jewel. By this truth may there be well-being!

15. Yānīdha bhūtāni samāgatāni Bhummāni vā yāniva antaļikkhe Tathāgataṁ devamanussa pūjitaṁ Buddhaṁ namassāma suvatthi hotu

Whatever beings are assembled here, whether on the earth or in the sky, we respectfully worship the Buddha, honored by gods and humans.

May there be well-being!

16. Yānīdha bhūtāni samāgatāni Bhummāni vā yāniva antaļikkhe Tathāgataṁ devamanussa pūjitaṁ Dhammaṁ namassāma suvatthi hotu

Whatever beings are assembled here, whether on the earth or in the sky, we respectfully worship the Dhamma, honored by gods and humans.

May there be well-being!

17. Yānīdha bhūtāni samāgatāni Bhummāni vā yāniva antaļikkhe Tathāgataṁ devamanussa pūjitaṁ Saṅghaṁ namassāma suvatthi hotu

Whatever beings are assembled here, whether on the earth or in the sky, we respectfully worship the Saṅgha, honored by gods and humans.

May there be well-being!

#### Etena saccena suvatthi hotu!

By this truth, may there be well-being!

# Karanīya Metta Sutta

1. Karaṇīyamatthakusalena Yaṁ taṁ santaṁ padaṁ abhisamecca Sakko ujū ca sūjū ca Suvaco cassa mudu anatimānī

One skilled in good, wishing to attain that state of peace Nibbāna should act thus: he should be clever upright, exceedingly upright, obedient, gentle and humble.

2. Santussako ca subharo ca
Appakicco ca sallahukavutti
Santindriyo ca nipako ca
Appagabbho kulesu ananugiddho

He should be content, easy to support, with few duties, living lightly, controlled in senses, discerning, courteous and unattached to families.

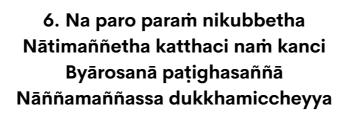
3. Na ca khuddham samācare kiñci Yena viññū pare upavadeyyum Sukhino vā khemino hontu Sabbe sattā bhavantu sukhitattā

One should not do any slight wrong which the wise might censure. May all beings be happy and secure! May all beings have happy minds!

4. Ye keci pāṇabhūtatthī
Tasā vā thāvarā vā anavasesā
Dīghā vā ye mahantā vā
Majjhimā rassakāṇuka-thūlā

Whatever living beings there may be without exception: timid or fearless; long or large, medium, short, tiny or massive

5. Diṭṭhā vā yeva addiṭṭhā Ye ca dūre vasanti avidūre Bhūtā vā sambhavesī vā Sabbe sattā bhavantu sukhitattā Visible or invisible, living near or far, born or coming to birth, may all beings have happy minds!



Let no one deceive another, nor disparage anyone anywhere. Neither from anger nor ill will should anyone wish harm to another.

7. Mātā yathā niyam puttam
Āyusā eka-putta-manurakkhe
Evam'pi sabbabhūtesu
Mānasam bhāvaye aparimāṇam

As a mother would protect her only child above her own life, even so towards all living beings, one should cultivate boundless loving-kindness.

8. Mettam ca sabba lokasmim Mānasam bhāvaye aparimāṇam Uddham adho ca tiriyanca Asambādham averam asapattam

One should cultivate for all the world a heart of boundless lovingkindness, above, below, and all around, unobstructed, without hatred or resentment.

9. Tiṭṭhaṁ caraṁ nisinno vā Sayāno vā yāvata'ssa vigatamiddho Etaṁ satiṁ adhiṭṭheyya Brahmametaṁ vihāraṁ idhamāhu

Whether standing, walking or sitting, lying down or whenever awake, one should develop this mindfulness. This is called "divinely dwelling here."

10. Diṭṭhiṁ ca anupagamma sīlavā
Dassanena sampanno
Kāmesu vineyya gedhaṁ
Na hi jātu gabbha-seyyaṁ punare tī'ti.

Not falling into wrong views, but virtuous and possessing right view, removing desire for sensual pleasures, one comes never again to birth in the womb.

#### Etena saccena suvatthi hotu!

By this truth, may there be well-being!

# Dhajagga Sutta

Evam me sutam. Ekam samayam Bhagavā Sāvatthiyam viharati Jetavane Anāthapiņḍikassa ārāme. Tatra kho bhagavā bhikkhū āmantesi. Bhikkhavo'ti. Bhadante'ti te bhikkhū bhagavato paccassosum. Bhagavā etadavoca.

Thus have I heard. On one occasion, the Blessed One was living in Sāvatthi at Jetavana at Anāthapiṇḍika's monastery. There the Blessed One addressed the bhikkhus thus, "Bhikkhus!". "Venerable sir!" those bhikkhus replied. The Blessed One said this.

Bhūtapubbam, bhikkhave, devāsurasangāmo samupabyūļho ahosi. Atha kho, bhikkhave, sakko devānamindo deve tāvatimse āmantesi.

Bhikkhus, once in the past the devas and the asuras were arrayed for battle. Then Sakka, lord of the devas, addressed the Tavatimsa devas thus.

Sace, mārisā, devānam sangāmagatānam uppajjeyya bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, mameva tasmim samaye dhajaggam ullokeyyātha. Mamanhi vo dhajaggam ullokayatam yam bhavissati bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, so pahīyissati.

Dear sirs, when the devas are engaged in battle, if fear or trepidation or terror should arise, on that occasion you should look up at my flagpole's finial. For when you look up at my flagpole's finial, whatever fear or trepidation or terror you may have will be abandoned.

No ce me dhajaggam ullokeyyātha, atha pajāpatissa devarājassa dhajaggam ullokeyyātha. Pajāpatissa hi vo devarājassa dhajaggam ullokayatam yam bhavissati bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, so pahīyissati.

If you cannot look up at my flagpole's finial, then you should look up at the finial of the deva-king Pajapati's flagpole. For when you look up at the finial of his flagpole, whatever fear or trepidation or terror you may have will be abandoned.

No ce pajāpatissa devarājassa dhajaggam ullokeyyātha, atha varuņassa devarājassa dhajaggam ullokeyyātha. Varuņassa hi vo devarājassa dhajaggam ullokayatam yam bhavissati bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, so pahīyissati.

If you cannot look up at the finial of the deva-king Pajapati's flagpole, then you should look up at the finial of the deva-king Varuṇa's flagpole. For when you look up at the finial of his flagpole, whatever fear or trepidation or terror you may have will be abandoned.

No ce varuņassa devarājassa dhajaggam ullokeyyātha, atha īsānassa devarājassa dhajaggam ullokeyyātha. Īsānassa hi vo devarājassa dhajaggam ullokayatam yam bhavissati bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, so pahīyissatī.

If you cannot look up at the finial of the deva-king Varuṇa's flagpole, then you should look up at the finial of the deva-king Isana's flagpole. For when you look up at the finial of his flagpole, whatever fear or trepidation or terror you may have will be abandoned.

Tam kho pana, bhikkhave, sakkassa vā devānamindassa dhajaggam ullokayatam, pajāpatissa vā devarājassa dhajaggam ullokayatam, varuņassa vā devarājassa dhajaggam ullokayatam, īsānassa vā devarājassa dhajaggam ullokayatam yam bhavissati bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, so pahīyethāpi nopi pahīyetha.

Bhikkhus, for those who look up at the finial of the flagpole of Sakka, lord of the devas; or of Pajapati, the deva-king; or of Varuṇa, the deva-king; or of Isana, the deva-king, whatever fear or trepidation or terror they may have may or may not be abandoned.

Tam kissa hetu? Sakko hi, bhikkhave, devānamindo avītarāgo avītadoso avītamoho bhīrucchambhī utrāsī palāyīti.

For what reason? Because Sakka, lord of the devas, is not devoid of lust, not devoid of hatred, not devoid of delusion. he can be timid, petrified, frightened and quick to flee.

Ahañca kho, bhikkhave, evam vadāmi: sace tumhākam, bhikkhave, araññagatānam vā rukkhamūlagatānam vā suññāgāragatānam vā uppajjeyya bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, mameva tasmim samaye anussareyyātha.

But, bhikkhus, I say this: If you have gone to a forest or to the foot of a tree or to an empty hut, and fear or trepidation or terror should arise in you, on that occasion you should recollect me thus.

itipi so bhagavā araham sammāsambuddho vijjācaraņasampanno sugato lokavidū anuttaro purisadammasārathi satthā devamanussānam buddho bhagavā'ti.

Such indeed is the Blessed One, the Arahant, the Supremely Enlightened One, the One Accomplished in Knowledge and Conduct, the Well-Gone One, the Knower of the Worlds, the Supreme Tamer of Persons, the Teacher of Gods and Humans, the Enlightened One, the Blessed One.

Mamañhi vo, bhikkhave, anussaratam yam bhavissati bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, so pahīyissati.

For when you recollect me, bhikkhus, whatever fear or trepidation or terror you may have will be abandoned.

No ce mam anussareyyātha, atha dhammam anussareyyātha.

If you cannot recollect me, then you should recollect the Dhamma thus.

Svākkhāto bhagavatā dhammo sandithiko akāliko ehipassiko opaneyyiko paccattam veditabbo viñnūhī'ti.

Well taught by the Blessed One is the Dhamma, visible here and now, timeless, inviting inspection, to be learned and applied to oneself, understood by the wise for themselves.

Dhammañhi vo, bhikkhave, anussaratam yam bhavissati bhayam vā chambhitattam vā lomahamso vā, so pahīyissati.

For when you recollect the Dhamma, bhikkhus, whatever fear or trepidation or terror you may have will be abandoned.

No ce dhammam anussareyyātha, atha sangham anussareyyātha.

If you cannot recollect the Dhamma, then you should recollect the Sangha thus.

Suppaţipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho ujuppaţipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho ñāyappaţipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho sāmīcippaţipanno bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho, yadidaṁ cattāri purisayugāni aṭṭha purisapuggalā esa bhagavato sāvakasaṅgho, āhuneyyo pāhuneyyo dakkhiņeyyo añjalikaraṇīyo anuttaraṁ puññakkhettaṁ lokassā'ti.

The Sangha of the Blessed One's disciples is practicing the pure way, practicing the upright way, practicing the wise way, practicing the proper way; that is, the four pairs of persons, the eight types of individuals—this Sangha of the Blessed One's disciples is worthy of offerings, worthy of hospitality, worthy of gifts, worthy of reverential salutations. They are the unsurpassed field of merit for the world.

Saṅghañhi vo, bhikkhave, anussarataṁ yaṁ bhavissati bhayaṁ vā chambhitattaṁ vā lomahaṁso vā, so pahīyissati.

For when you recollect the Sangha, bhikkhus, whatever fear or trepidation or terror you may have will be abandoned.

Tam kissa hetu? Tathāgato hi, bhikkhave, araham sammāsambuddho vītarāgo vītadoso vītamoho abhīru acchambhī anutrāsī apalāyī'ti.

For what reason? Because, bhikkhus, the Tathagata, the Arahant, the Perfectly Enlightened One is devoid of lust, devoid of hatred, devoid of delusion; he is brave, courageous, bold, ready to stand his place.

Idamavoca bhagavā. Idam vatvāna sugato athāparam etadavoca satthā.

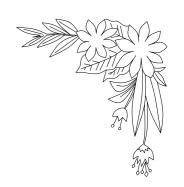
This is what the Blessed One said. Having said this, the Fortunate One, the Teacher, further said this.

Araññe rukkhamūle vā, suññāgāreva bhikkhavo; Anussaretha sambuddham, bhayam tumhāka no siyā.

In a forest, at the foot of a tree, Or in an empty hut, O bhikkhus, You should recollect the Buddha: No fear will then arise in you.



No ce buddham sareyyātha, lokajeṭṭham narāsabham; Atha dhammam sareyyātha, niyyānikam sudesitam.



But if you cannot recall the Buddha,
Best in the world, the greatest of men,
Then you should recall the Dhamma,
Emancipating, well expounded.

No ce dhammam sareyyātha, niyyānikam sudesitam; Atha sangham sareyyātha, puññakkhettam anuttaram.

But if you cannot recall the Dhamma, Emancipating, well expounded, Then you should recall the Sangha, The unsurpassed field of merit.

Evam buddham sarantānam, Dhammam sanghanca bhikkhavo; Bhayam vā chambhitattam vā, Lomahamso na hessatī'ti.

For those who thus recall the Buddha,
The Dhamma, and the Saṅgha, bhikkhus,
No fear or trepidation will arise,
Nor any grisly terror.

**Etena saccena suvatthi hotu!**By this truth, may there be well-being!



## Ālavaka Sutta

Evam me sutam. Ekam Samayam Bhagavā Ālaviyam viharati Ālavakassa yakkhassa bhavane. Atha kho Ālavako yakkho yena Bhagavā tenupasankami. Upasankamitvā Bhagavāntam etada'voca.

Thus have I heard. On one occasion the Blessed One was living at Ālavi, in the abode of the demon Ālavaka. At that time, the demon Ālavaka approached the Blessed One, and on arrival, said to the Blessed One:

Nikkhama samanā'ti. Sādhā'vuso'ti Bhagavā nikkhami.

"Get out, you recluse." Saying, "Very well, friend," the Blessed One went out.

Pavisa samaņā'ti. Sādhā'vuso'ti Bhagavā pāvisi.

"Come in, you recluse." Saying, "Very well, friend," the Blessed One went in.

Dutiyam'pi kho Ālavako yakkho Bhagavantam etada'voca. Nikkhama samanā'ti. Sādhā'vuso'ti Bhagavā nikkhami.

"Get out, you recluse," said the demon Alavaka to the Blessed One a second time. Saying, "Very well, friend," the Blessed One went out.

Pavisa samaņā'ti. Sādhā'vuso'ti Bhagavā pāvisi.

"Come in, you recluse." Saying, "Very well, friend," the Blessed One went in.

Tatiyam'pi kho Ālavako yakkho Bhagavantam etada'voca. Nikkhama samaṇā'ti. Sādhā'vuso'ti Bhagavā nikkhami.

"Get out, you recluse," said the demon Ālavaka to the Blessed One a third time. Saying, "Very well, friend," the Blessed One went out.

Pavisa samaņā'ti. Sādhā'vuso'ti Bhagavā pāvisi.

"Come in, you recluse." Saying, "Very well, friend," the Blessed One went in.

Catuttham'pi kho Ālavako yakkho Bhagavantam etada'voca. Nikkhama samaṇā'ti. Nakhvā'ham tam āvuso nikkhamissāmi.Yan te karaṇīyam tam karohī'ti.

"Get out, you recluse," said the demon Ālavaka to the Blessed One a fourth time. "No, oh friend, I will not go out. Do what you will."

Pañham tam samaṇa pucchissāmi. Sace me na vyākarissasi, acittam vā te khipissāmi, hadayam vā te phālessāmi, pādesu vā gahetvā pāragangāyam khipissāmi'ti.

"Oh recluse, I am going to ask you questions. If you do not answer me, I will drive you insane, or split your heart, or grab your feet and throw you across the river."

Nakhvā'ham tam āvuso passāmi sadevake loke samārake sabrahmake sassamaņa-brāhmaņiyā pajāya sadevamanussāya yo me cittam vā khipeyya, hadayam vā phāleyya, pādessu vā gahetvā pāragangāya khipeyya, Apica tvam āvuso puccha yadākankhasī'ti.

"Well, oh friend, I do not see anyone in this world with its devās, with its Māras and Brahmas, in this generation with its recluses and brāhmins, with its devās and humans, who could either drive me insane, or split my heart, or grab my feet and throw me across the river. Nevertheless, friend, ask what you will."

Atha kho Āļavako yakkho Bhagavantam gāthāya ajjhabhāsi.

Then the demon Alavaka addressed the Blessed One in verse.

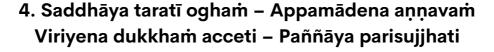
1. Kimsū'dha vittam purisassa-seṭṭham?
Kimsū suciṇṇo sukhamā'vahāti?
Kimsū have sādhutaram rasānam?
Katham jīvim jīvitamāhu seṭṭham'ti?

What wealth here is best for man? What well practiced will bring happiness? What is the sweetest of all tastes? How lived is the life they say is best?

2. Saddhī'dha vittam purisassa-seṭṭham Dhammo suciṇṇo sukhamā'vahāti Saccam have sādhutaram rasānam Paññājīvim jīvitamāhu seṭṭham'ti.

Faith is the wealth here best for man; Dhamma well practiced shall bring happiness; truth indeed is the sweetest of all tastes; one living life with wisdom, is said to be the best.

3. Kathamsu taratī ogham? Kathamsu taratī annavam? Kathamsu dukkham acceti? Kathamsu parisujjhati? How does one cross over the flood? How does one cross over the ocean? How does one overcome suffering? How is one's life purified?



By faith one crosses over the flood; by diligence is the ocean crossed; by effort one overcomes suffering; by wisdom one's life is purified.

5. Kathamsu labhate paññam? – Kathamsu vindate dhanam? Kathamsu kittim pappoti? – Katham mittāni ganthati? Asmā lokā param lokam – Katham pecca na socati?

How does one gain wisdom? How does one obtain wealth? How does one achieve fame? How does one win many friends? When passing from this world to the next, how does one not sorrow?

6. Saddahāno arahatam – Dhammam Nibbānapattiyā Sussūsā labhate paññam – Appamatto vicakkhaņo

If one listens to the Dhamma of the Arahants leading to Nibbāna with close attention and a confident mind, and investigates that Dhamma diligently, then, in this way, one gains wisdom.

7. Patirūpakārī dhuravā – Uṭṭhātā vindate dhanam Saccena kittim pappoti – Dadam mittāni ganthati

Doing what is proper, being dutiful, and exerting effort, one obtains wealth. By truthfulness one achieves fame; by giving gifts one wins many friends.

8. Yasse'te caturo dhammā – Saddhassa gharamesino Saccam dhammo dhitī cāgo – Sa ve pecca na socati

If a faithful householder is truthful, in accordance with the Dhamma, energetic, and fond of giving, by virtue of these four qualities, he will not sorrow when he passes on.

9. Iṅgha aññe'pi pucchassū – Puthu samaṇa-brāhmaṇe Yadi saccā damā cāgā – Khantyā bhiyyo na vijjati

If you wish, ask other recluses and brāhmins, if there is anything better in this world than truth, self-control, generosity, and patience.

#### 10. Kathannu'dāni puccheyyam Puthu samaņa-brāhmaņe So'ham ajja pajānāmi – Yo attho samparāyiko

n today I

Why should I now ask other recluses and brāhmins, when today I learned of all factors that lead to happiness in this life and the next?

#### 11. Atthāya vata me Buddho – Vāsāyā'lavi-māgamī So'ham ajja pajānāmi – Yattha dinnam mahapphalam

Indeed, out of compassion for me, the Buddha came to my dwelling at Ālavi. On this day, I learned to whom a gift should be given to gain the highest fruit.

12. So'haṁ vicarissāmi – gāmā gāmaṁ purā puraṁ Namassamāno Sambuddhaṁ – Dhammassa ca sudhammatan'ti.

From village to village and town to town, I shall now travel about worshipping the Supreme Buddha and praising the excellence of the Dhamma.

Evam vutte Ālavako yakkho Bhagavantam etada'voca. Abhikkantam bho Gotama, abhikkantam bho Gotama, Seyyathāpi bho Gotama nikkujjitam vā ukkujjeyya, paṭicchannam vā vivareyya, mūļhassa vā maggam ācikkheyya, andhakāre vā telapajjotam dhāreyya cakkhumanto rūpāni dakkhintī'ti. Evamevam bhotā Gotamena anekapariyāyena Dhammo pakāsito. Esā'ham bhavantam Gotamam saraṇam gacchāmi. Dhammanca Bhikkhusanghanca. Upāsakam mam bhavam Gotamo dhāretu ajjatagge pāṇupetam saraṇam gatan'ti.

When this was said, the demon Ālavaka said to the Blessed One. "Magnificent, Master Gotama! Magnificent, Master Gotama! Just as a man were to set upright what was overturned, to reveal what was hidden, to show the way to one who was lost, or to carry a lamp into the dark so that those with eyes could see forms, in the same way the Dhamma has been made clear in many ways by Master Gotama. I go for refuge to Master Gotama, to the

Dhamma, and to the community of monks. May Venerable Gotama accept me as a lay follower who has gone for refuge to the Triple Gem, from today onwards, for as long as life lasts."

#### Etena saccena suvatthi hotu!

By this truth, may there be well-being!

## Mora Paritta

Udet'ayam cakkhumā ekarājā
Harissavaṇṇo paṭhavippabhāso
Tam tam namassāmi harissavaṇṇam paṭhavippabhāsam.
Tay'ajja guttā viharemu divasam.

The sun, the one king with eyes, rises, spreading golden rays, and illuminating the great earth. I pay homage to you the sun, spreading golden rays, and illuminating the great earth. Guarded today by you, may I live through the day.

Ye brāhmaṇā vedagū sabbadhamme Te me namo te ca maṁ pālayantu Namatthu Buddhānaṁ namatthu bodhiyā Namo vimuttānaṁ namo vimuttiyā.

Those Arahants who are knowers of all truths, I pay homage to them. May they keep watch over me. Homage to the Enlightened Ones. Homage to the Fourfold Enlightenment. Homage to the Liberated Ones. Homage to their Liberation.

Imam so parittam katvā moro carati esanā.

Having made this protection, the Bodisatta-peacock sets out in search of food.

Apet'ayam cakkhumā ekarājā
Harissavaṇṇo paṭhavippabhāso
Tam tam namassāmi harissavaṇṇam paṭhavippabhāsam.
Tay'ajja guttā viharemu rattim.

The sun, the one king with eyes, descends, spreading golden rays, and illuminating the great earth. I pay homage to you the sun, spreading golden rays, and illuminating the great earth. Guarded today by you, may I live through the night.

Ye brāhmaṇā vedagu sabbadhamme Te me namo te ca maṁ pālayantu. Namatthu Buddhānaṁ namatthu bodhiyā Namo vimuttānaṁ namo vimuttiyā Those Arahants who are knowers of all truths, I pay homage to them. May they keep watch over me. Homage to the Enlightened Ones. Homage to the Four-fold Enlightenment. Homage to the Liberated Ones. Homage to their Liberation.

Imam so parittam katvā moro vāsamakappayī'ti.

Having made this protection, the Bodhisatta-peacock lived happily.

#### Etena saccena suvatthi hotu!

By this truth, may there be well-being!

## Aṅgulimāla Paritta

Parittam yam bhanantassa – nisinnatthāna dhovanam Udaka'mpi vināseti – sabbameva parissayam Sotthinā gabbha vuṭṭhānam – yañ ca sādheti tam khane Therassangulimālassa – lokanāthena bhāsitam Kappaṭṭhāyi-mahātejam – parittam tam bhanāmahe

Even the water used to wash the seat on which Arahant Angulimāla sat and recited this Paritta has the power to quell all perils. If a pregnant mother suffers from any pain, she will be well and be strong enough to stand instantly. Now we shall recite that very powerful Paritta taught by the Buddha, to Arahant Angulimāla which will hold its power for an aeon.

Yato'ham bhagini, ariyāya jātiya jāto nā'bhijānāmi samcicca pāṇam jīvitā voropetā, tena saccena sotthi te hotu, sotthi gabbhassā'ti.

"Sister, from the day I was born in the Noble Birth which leads to supreme Nibbāna, from that day on I am not aware of myself killing any living beings deliberately. By this truth may you be well! May the delivery of your child be peaceful!"

#### Etena saccena suvatthi hotu!

By this truth, may there be well-being!



## Khandha Paritta



May I have mettā towards Virūpakkhas, towards Erāpathas may I have mettā.

May I have mettā towards Chabyāputtas, towards Kaṇhā Gotamakas also may I have mettā.

#### 2. Apādakehi me mettam – Mettam dipādakehi me Catuppadehi me mettam – Mettam bahuppadehi me

May I have mettā towards the footless. May I have mettā towards those with two feet. May I have mettā towards those with four. May I have mettā towards the many-footed.

#### 3. Mā mam apādako himsi – Mā mam himsi dipādako Mā mam catuppado himsi – Mā mam himsi bahuppado

Let not the footless do me harm; nor those that have two feet. Let not the fourfooted do me harm; nor those endowed with many feet.

4. Sabbe sattā sabbe pāṇā – Sabbe bhutā ca kevalā Sabbe bhadrāni passantu – Mā kañci pāpamāgamā

All beings, all living creatures, all beings who have come to birth may good fortune bless them all. May no harm come to them.

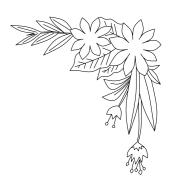
Appamāṇo Buddho appamāṇo Dhammo appamāṇo Saṅgho.
Pamāṇavantāni siriṁsapāni ahi vicchikā satapadī uṇṇānābhī sarabū
mūsikā. Katā me rakkhā. Katā me parittā. Paṭikkamantu bhūtāni. So'haṁ
namo Bhagavato namo sattannaṁ Sammā Sambuddhānan'ti.

Immeasurable in virtue is the Buddha; immeasurable is the Dhamma; immeasurable is the Saṅgha. Measurable are creeping creatures, snakes, scorpions, centipedes, spiders, lizards and rats, due to their defilements. I have guarded myself. I have made my protection. Depart from me, all you beings. I worship the Blessed One, and the Seven Supreme Buddhas.

#### Etena saccena suvatthi hotu!

By this truth, may there be well-being!

## Loving-Kindness Meditation



- May I be free from anger.
   May I be free from ill will.
   May I be free from suffering.
   May I live in peace.
   May I live happily.
- May all beings in this house be free from anger. be free from ill will. be free from suffering. May they live in peace. May they live happily.
- 3. May all beings in this neighborhood ...
  - 4. May all beings in this city ...
  - 5. May all beings in this state ...
  - 6. May all beings in this country ...
    - 7. May all beings in this world ...
- 8. May all beings in this entire universe be free from anger.
  be free from ill will.
  be free from suffering.
  May they live in peace.
  May they live happily.

May all beings be well and happy!
be well and happy!
be well and happy!

Sādhu! Sādhu! Sādhu!



## Merit Sharing

Ākāsaṭṭhā ca bhummaṭṭhā devā nāgā mahiddhikā Puññaṃ taṃ anumoditvā ciraṃ rakkhantu Buddhasāsanaṃ.

May those residing in the realms of space and on the Earth, including the mighty Devās and Nāgās, find joy in the merit created, and may they long protect the Buddha's dispensation.

Ākāsaṭṭhā ca bhummaṭṭhā devā nāgā mahiddhikā Puññaṃ taṃ anumoditvā ciraṃ rakkhantu Buddhadesanaṃ.

May those residing in the realms of space and on the Earth, including the mighty Devās and Nāgās, find joy in the merit created, and may they long protect the Buddha's teaching.

Ākāsaṭṭhā ca bhummaṭṭhā devā nāgā mahiddhikā Puññaṃ taṃ anumoditvā ciraṃ rakkhantu maṃ paran'ti.

May those residing in the realms of space and on the Earth, including the mighty Devās and Nāgās, find joy in the merit created, and may they long protect me and others.

## Aspiration

Iminā puññakammena Mā me bālasamāgamo Sataṃ samāgamo hotu Yāva nibbānapattiyā.

Through this meritorious deed, may I never associate with the foolish.

May I always be in the company of the wise

until the time I attain Nibbāna.

# Asking for Forgiveness

Kāyena vācā cittena pamādena mayā kataṃ Accayaṃ khama me bhante Bhūripañña tathāgata.

If, through deeds, speech, or thoughts, I have committed any wrong, forgive me, O Bhante, the Thathāgata, the Greatly Wise!

Kāyena vācā cittena pamādena mayā kataṃ Accayaṃ khama me dhamma Sandiṭṭhika akālika.

If, through deeds, speech, or thoughts, I have committed any wrong, forgive me, O Dhamma, timeless and visible here and now!

Kāyena vācā cittena pamādena mayā kataṃ Accayaṃ khama me saṅgha Puññakkhetta anuttara.

If, through deeds, speech, or thoughts, I have committed any wrong, forgive me, O Saṅgha, the unsurpassed field of merit

Sādhu! Sādhu! Sādhu!





## Venerating Bhantes



Okāsa vandāmi Bhante. (bow once)

Please, Bhante, permit me to pay respects.

(Bhantes: Sukhi Hotu! May you be happy!)

#### Mayā katam puññam, sāminā anumodi tabbam.

Please, Bhante, kindly allow me to share with you the merit I have collected. (Bhantes: Sādhu, Sādhu, anumodāmi! Good, good, I rejoice!)

#### Saminā katam puññam, mayham dātabbam.

Please Bhante, kindly share with me the merit you have collected. (Bhantes: Sādhu, Sādhu, anumoditabbam! Good, good, I share!)

#### Sādhu, Sādhu anumodāmi!

Good, good, I appreciate!

#### Okāsa! Dvārattayena katam sabbam accayam khamatha me Bhante.

Forgive me, oh Bhante, of any offences I may have committed by body, speech, or mind.

(Bhantes: Kamāmi kamitabbam. I forgive)

#### Sādhu okāsa khamāmi Bhante! (bow)

I ask for forgiveness, oh Bhante! (Bhantes: Sukhi Hotu! May you be happy!)

#### Dutiyam'pi sādhu okāsa khamāmi Bhante!

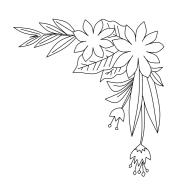
For the second time, I ask for forgiveness, oh Bhante! (Bhantes: Sukhi Hotu! May you be happy!)

#### Tatiyam'pi sādhu okāsa khamāmi Bhante!

For the third time, I ask for forgiveness, oh Bhante (Bhantes: Sukhi Hotu! May you be happy!)



# Pāli Alphabet



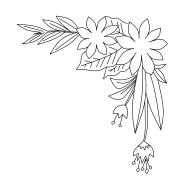
## Vowels

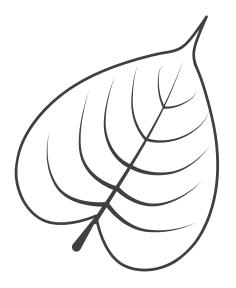
а	ā	i	Ī	u	ū	е	0
<b>t</b>	ආ	9	ర	3	දුම	ఫ	ඔ

### Consonants

k	ක	kh	බ	g	ග	gh	හි	'n	<b>a</b>
С	<b>3</b>	ch	8	j	ජ	jh	කට	ñ	(25E)
ţ	5	ţh	పి	ġ	ඩ	фh	స్ట	ņ	<b>S</b>
t	න	th	5	d	٤	dh	ධ	n	න
р	ප	ph	వ	b	බ	bh	භ	m	ම
У	ය	r	6		G	V	බ	S	ස
h	හ	!	ළ	т.	0				







May the blessings of the Triple Gem be with you!

